

## Collaborative imaginative drawings, a photo-story

Nigel Meager on regaining fluency in drawing and banishing the 'I can't draw' syndrome. Here's how...

It is commonly thought that art offers individual children highly personalised opportunities to come to express their inner world and its complex connections with the objective world. For example, drawing in school can be thought of as an activity where individuals communicate, record perceptions, invent and plan from a personal perspective. In primary school drawing this might mean each child has a piece of paper, workbook or sketchbook, and goes on to produce an outcome which is a personal response to their sensations, perceptions and ideas.

In contrast, the collaborative drawing workshop for 9- and 10-year-olds, described by the photo-story on the following page, was part of a research project which challenged these assumptions about intrinsically personal expression and communication through the production of discreet art objects by individuals – assumptions which are deeply embedded in a fine art tradition of art and art education.

Having said that, children drawing together or alongside adults are established strategies in early years teaching. Research about literacy in the early years shows how young children are at ease making complex meanings in a cross-modal way as they play, talk and drawin the community of the classroom. Adults may look on with sadness as such fluent drawing – so naturally part of thinking and communicating – is replaced with hesitancy and even fear as children progress through school. Our collaborative drawing project sought to unlock that fluency for older children. Something they once had but had lost.

For this project I worked with Whitchurch Primary School in Cardiff. This is a large, new primary school amalgamated from two older schools in September 2012. The head teacher, Ann Griffin, wanted a project which would support the integration of 9- and 10-year-olds from different schools. Part of my brief from the school was to show how shared drawing could catalyse a high level of collaboration, communication and develop thinking skills. To help with these objectives, children were made fully part of the research project as knowing participants. The teaching also introduced meta-learning concepts about creativity. For example, it is valuable not to worry about mistakes, to take risks, to collaborate with others, share ideas and enjoy inventiveness. They relished the respect implied by the overt interest in their opinions about what they were doing and so, as well as making the drawings, they were very thoughtful about how they were thinking and acting as they drew.

In contrast, representational drawing skills were downplayed to the maximum, to the extent that children were encouraged to think that stick people were fine if that meant they could share, show and build ideas. The hope was that the 'I can't draw' syndrome would be banished as children accepted drawing as a way of creating and expressing ideas together, rather than an activity which required a special individual skill to enjoy. The panels were made from medium density fibre board primed with white emulsion paint. The drawn shapes and lines were made with permanent maker pens and then overlain with of water based drawing inks applied with brushes. It didn't matter if the ink went over lines; sometimes that effect was very pleasing. Apart from introducing the theme, 'imaginary rides', children accepted the challenge of creating all the content themselves. There was the absolute minimum of adult intervention. The photo-story on the following double-page spread shows what happened. One of the finished panels is illustrated here.

## Collaborative imaginative drawings, a photo-story continued

It's the ideas which count. Don't worry too much about making 'good' drawings stick people and animals, words and labels are all fine.





rides be like? Think about the imaginary setting and what happens on the ride."



research project and you are participating in the research."



imaginary rides in groups.
"What could we do? What
are your ideas?" 4





space supported by Arts Council Wales.



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This is one the 2.5 sq metre improvisations.

O



This is intense work and children needed to take a break.





19 around them.



improvisations – the paper was 2.5m square.





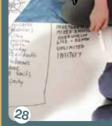


thought about colour and applying ink to their panel.

















of the panels at the end of session 3.



session 3. These panels will be finished back in school.





Children start to add colour using inks. There is a reminder that this is also a research project in the background.





It's great fun creating the imaginary ride together. The marker pens are easy to use and make 8 clear bold lines.





Children take their own photographs, if they want.



1

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Others thought in conceptual as well as visual terms.



Sixteen children went on to the second stage of the project at a contemporary art gallery. They were invited to do their own visual research at home. Some created new ideas for rides.



The collaborative drawings reached this stage by the end of the first session.

Children slightly wet the area where they want to add colour before applying ink so that it spreads easily across the surface. This is a simple technique to learn.



Some groups used writing to help with ideas.



specific colours for specific elements of their ride

do on their final panel

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This is another example from the end of

day, children had a chance to look of all the work from sessions 1 and 2. This had been informally displayed on the gallery walls.

The large contemporary gallery provided different opportunities from the classroom. Children found they had space for ideas.



In contrast, this group had an informal experiment sheet to try out colours and techniques



Others decided to write very detailed parts of the process as guidelines. This is a set of instructions about where and how to use colour.



Some children bought in their own cameras to record what happened.



35



Each group organised themselves in the gallery space, ready to work on the panels.



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